

# The 7 Most Important Pieces of Information You Should Never Share Online or on Social Media

Maintaining digital privacy is not about fear—it's about **awareness, boundaries, and conscious decision-making**. Sharing information online can have long-term consequences if it falls into the wrong hands.

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## 1. Sensitive Personal Information

- Avoid sharing copies of your **ID, passport, home address, phone number, full birthdate, or bank details**.
  - If sharing a personal document is necessary, **remove confidential data first**.
  - When seeking technical support online, communicate only through **official accounts**, or use a temporary account that does not contain personal information.
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## 2. Work-Related Information

- Avoid posting details about your **job, company projects, or new products**.
- Complaints or venting on social media can negatively affect your **professional reputation**.

- Keep your **personal and professional life separate**.
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### 3. Your Location

- Avoid constantly sharing your location, as this may put you at risk.
  - Occasional location sharing may be acceptable if necessary, but **take precautions** and avoid repeated disclosure.
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### 4. Digital Security Information

Even seemingly minor digital details can be used to hack accounts or impersonate you:

- **Passwords or hints**, even in jest.
- **Verification codes (OTP)** sent via SMS or email.
- **Security question answers** such as school name, mother's name, or birthplace.

**Rule:** Never share these details, even with close friends or family, as they can compromise your accounts.

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### 5. Private Photos and Content

- Private photos, even non-sensitive, may later be used for **blackmail or defamation**.
- Sharing images of children or family publicly may expose them to **exploitation**.
- Voice messages or private chats can easily be **taken out of context**.

**Rule:** If you wouldn't want it public later, don't share it digitally.

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## 6. Daily Routine Details

Sharing your daily habits may seem harmless, but repeated disclosure builds a complete picture of your life:

- Times of leaving or returning home.
- Frequent locations or habits.
- Travel plans or absences.

This information could be used for **tracking or harm**.

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## 7. Opinions and Emotions in Moments of Anger

Content shared in anger or stress can be used against you later:

- Public complaints.

- Angry responses or comments.
- Open arguments online.

**Remember:** The internet rarely forgets; content may persist even after deletion.

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### **Think Before Sharing**

What you post online may last indefinitely. Avoid sharing personal information, private photos, or details that could later be misused. **Digital privacy is about awareness and setting boundaries**—not fear or isolation. Every post should be a **conscious choice**, not an impulsive reaction. Mindful sharing protects you from future risks and strengthens your overall digital safety.